

GEOGRAPHY & ECONOMICS

MODEL PAPER

CWSN **STD X**

MARKS 65

1. A. 1) Identify the picture given and answer the questions: (2)



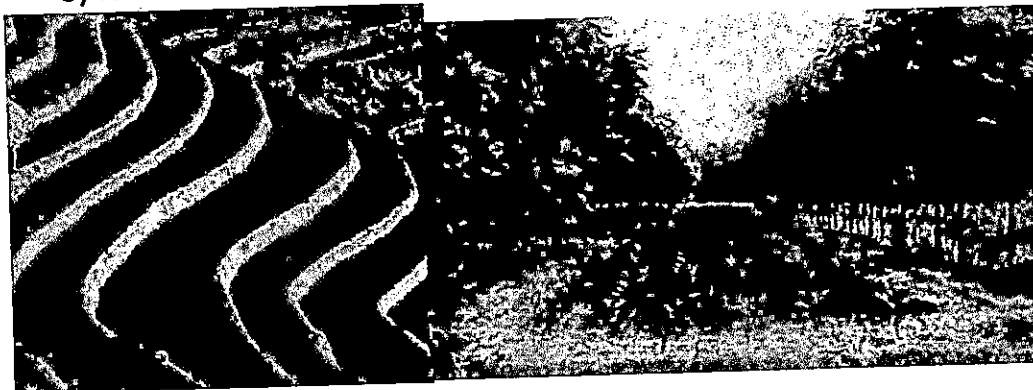
a) Name the type of soil you see in the picture.

b) Write any one characteristic feature of this type of soil.

- 2) Match the states in Column A with the causes of land degradation in these states in Column B: (2)

Column A	Column B	Column C
1) Punjab	a) Mining	1) _____
2) Orissa	b) Over grazing	2) _____
c) Over irrigation		

- 3) Name the method used to control soil erosion against each picture: (2)



(1)

(2)

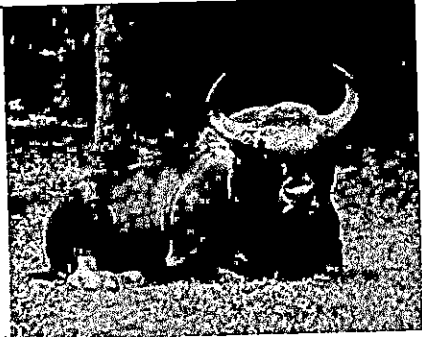

4) Write the correct answer from the given alternatives:

(1)

An example of a biotic resource is _____

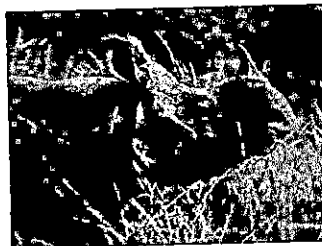
- a) metal b)plants c)rock

1. B. 1) We need to conserve our wildlife. Given below are pictures of animals match them according to their category of existence: (2)

1.		a) Rare species
2.		b) Vulnerable species
		c) Endemic species

2) Look at the picture and answer the questions:

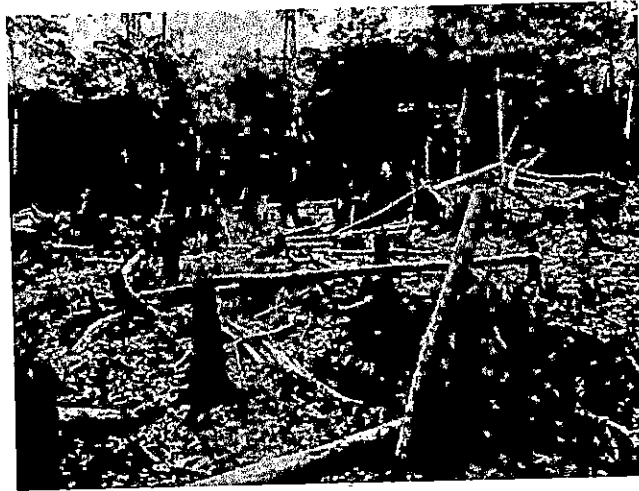
(2)



a) State the steps taken by the government of India to protect this species.

a) The Buxa Tiger reserve in West Bengal is threatened by

3) Meena lives in a community where deforestation is practiced on a large scale (2)



Help Meena explain to her community why it is necessary to conserve forests.

- 1) _____
2) _____

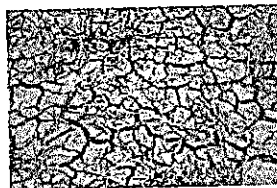
3) These women walk everyday for more than 10kms. (2)



a) Name any two resources collected by them.

b) State any one problem faced by these women due to depletion of forest resources.

11 A 1)



State any two causes of water scarcity. (2)

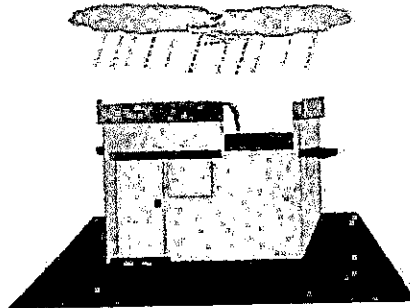
1. _____

2. _____

2) Match the multipurpose projects in list A with states in list B. (2)

List A	List B	List C	
1) Hirakud		a) West Bengal	1) _____
2) Bhakra Nangal		b) Punjab	2) _____
		c) Orissa	

- 3) Choose the correct alternative: (1)
Multipurpose projects have been proclaimed as "Temples of Modern India" by
- a) M K Gandhi.
 - b) Atal Bihari Vajpayee
 - c) Jawaharlal Nehru
- 4)



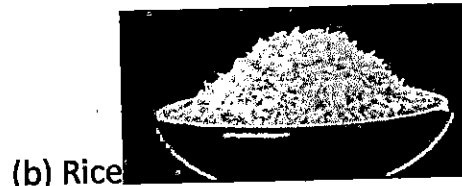
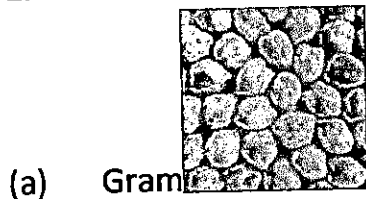
"Every household finds the need to store water" (2)

a) What is this method of storing water called?

b) Today, in Western Rajasthan this practice is on the decline. Why?

B 1) Identify the type of crop from the picture given below: (2)

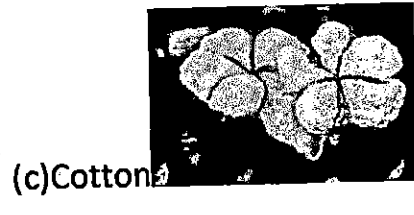
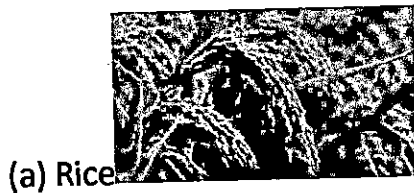
1. Which one of the following is a Zaid crop?



(c)



11. Which one of the following is a labor intensive crop? (1)

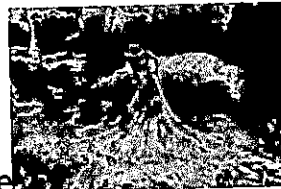


Primitive subsistence farming is practiced on small patches of land: (2)

a) Name any two tools used in this type of farming.

b) State any two factors on which this type of farming is dependent.

4) Complete the given sentences with the help of the picture given: (2)



Jute is known as the Golden Fibre because

(a) It is used in making _____

(b) It is losing market to synthetic fibres _____

5) Rice is the staple food crop of majority of the people in India. (2)

(a) Describe the geographical conditions required for the growth of rice. (any two)

1) _____

2) _____

1111) Observe the following picture and answer the question: (2)

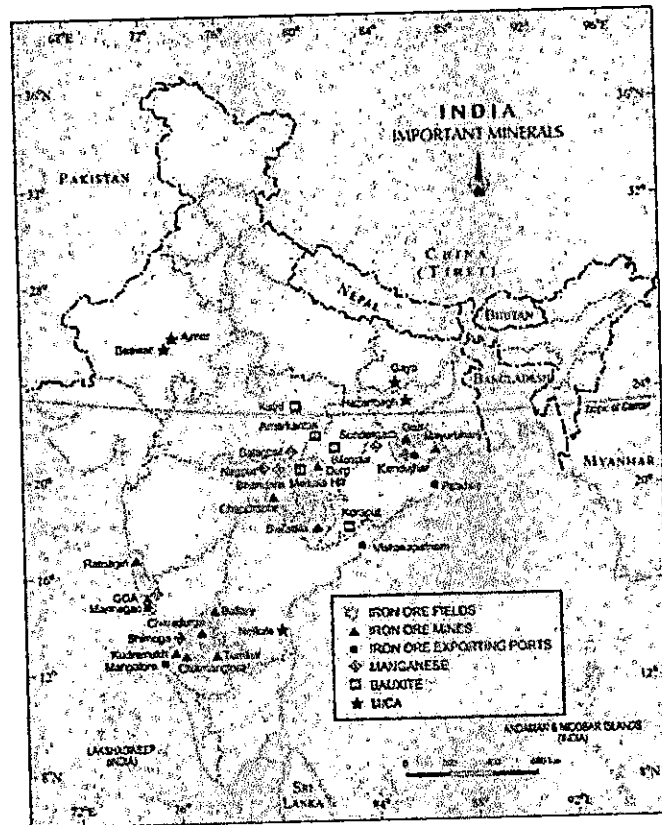


i. Why are heavy industries and thermal power stations located near coal fields?

ii Which coal is most popular for commercial use?

4) Observe the map and answer the following questions:

(3)



i) Name the iron exporting port in Andhra Pradesh.

ii) Name the mica mine in Bihar.

iii) Name the bauxite mine in Madhya Pradesh.

3) Select the most appropriate option from those given below: (2)

i) Which one of the following mineral is contained in the Monazite sands?

- a) Uranium b) Mineral oil c) Thorium

ii) Alumina and Aluminium are obtained from _____ ores.

- a) Copper b) bauxite c) iron.

B 1) State any two effects of noise pollution on people.

a) _____

b) _____

ii) Write any two measures to reduce noise pollution.

a) _____

b) _____

2) Cement is essential for construction activity.



a) Name the raw material required in the manufacture of cement. (1)

b) Where was the first cement plant set up in India? (1)

4) Choose the correct alternative: (2)

i) Which one of the following industries manufactures telephones, computers etc?

a) Aluminium b) electronic c) information technology

ii) In which of the following states were cotton textile industries concentrated?

a) West Bengal b) Maharashtra c) Orissa

5) The textile industry occupies a unique position in the Indian economy. Why? (2)



IV 1) Name the following:

(2)

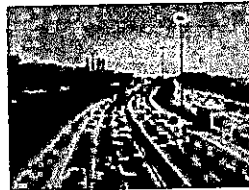
1. It is used to carry gases, liquids and slurry _____
2. Roads which have reduced time and distance between mega cities of India _____

2) Railways are the principle mode of transportation in India. State its importance.
(any 2)



(2)

3) India has one of the largest road network in the world.



State any two merits of roadways

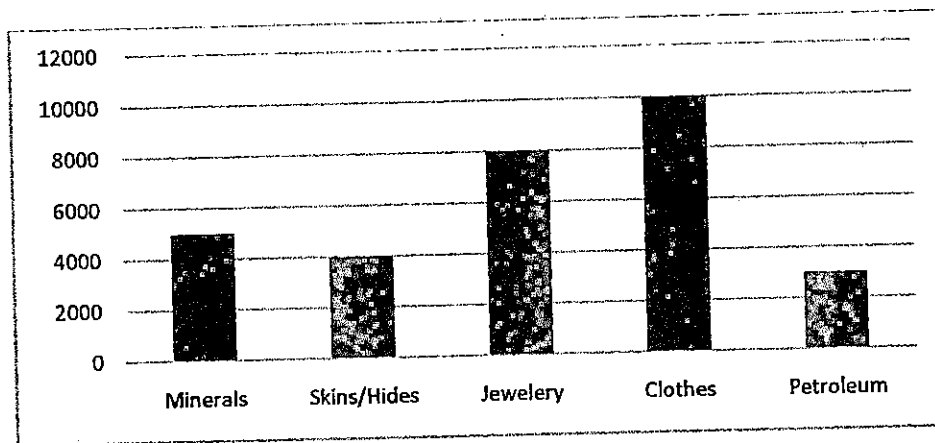
(2)

4) Trade is the exchange of goods among people, states, and countries.

a) What are the components of trade? (1)

b) What is International Trade? (1)

5) Study the following bar graph showing India's exports of major commodities during the year 2000-01 and answer the questions given below: (2)



a) From which commodity did India earn a greater amount during the year?

b) By how much was the export of jewellery more than that of minerals during the year?

V 1) Choose the correct alternative:

(2)

- The district level courts set up redressal of consumer disputes, and deal with cases involving claims up to _____
 a) 10 lakhs b) 20 lakhs c) between 20 lakhs and 1 crore.
- Currency is issued by the _____
 a) Reserve Bank of India on behalf of the government.
 b) The President of India.
 c) The Finance Minister

2) Study the following table showing per capita income, IMR, and literacy rate in three states of India, and answer the questions that follow: (2)

State	Per Capita Income 2003	Infant Mortality rate (IMR) per 1000 2003	Literacy rate % 2003
Punjab	26000	49	70
Kerala	22800	11	91
Bihar	5700	60	47

a) Which state had the lowest per capita income and literacy rate in 2003?

b) By what percent was Punjab's literacy rate less than that of Kerala?

3) Write the full form of the following:

(2)

1. WTO

2. MNC

4) Fill in the following table stating one point of difference and giving one example: (2)

	Public sector	Private sector
Ownership		
Example		

5) a) Mention any two rights of the consumer.

(2)

c) Write two examples of tertiary sector activities.

GEOGRAPHY & ECONOMICS
STD X

Geography & Economics (65) + Practical (15) = 80

Endline Assessment - 20

1. Resources and Development	07
2. Forest and Wildlife	08
3. Water Resources	07
4. Agriculture	08
5. Minerals and Energy Resources	07
6. Manufacturing Industries	08
7. Lifelines of National Economy	10
TOTAL	55

ECONOMICS 10

1. Development	02
2. Sectors of Indian Economy	02
3. Money and Credit	02
4. Globalisation & the Indian Economy	02
5. Consumer Rights	02
TOTAL	10

Geography & Economics =65

- Do not set any questions from the colored boxes in the text.
- Visually impaired candidates may be given templates as and where the need may arise.

PRACTICALS 15

SYLLABUS

- | | |
|---|----|
| 1. Drawing of line or bar graph | 02 |
| 2. Studying statistical data and drawing an inference | 02 |
| 3. Conventional sign drawing | 01 |
| Conventional sign identifying | 01 |
| 4. Map of Goa | 04 |
| Rivers | |
| Talukas | |
| Cities | |
| Mountains | |
| 5. (a) Map of India filling | |
| (Same to be tested for theory) | 03 |
| Minerals | |
| Soil types | |

Software technology parks
Conventional energy resources
Power plants (only nuclear)
Major Ports and International Airports.

(b) Contours

02

(Plateaus, mountains, valleys, pass, convex and concave)