

DESIGN OF THE QUESTION PAPER

Class: XI

Subject: HISTORY

MID TERM

Time: 1 Hour

Max. Marks: 20

The weightage or the distribution of marks over different dimensions of the question paper shall be as follows:

1. Weightage to Learning Outcomes

S.No.	Learning Outcomes	Marks	Percentage of marks
1.	Knowledge	8	40
2.	Understanding	12	60
3.	Application		-
4.	Skill		-
	TOTAL	20	100

2. Weightage to Content / Subject Units

S.No.	Units	Marks
1.	From The Beginning of Time	10
2.	Writing and City Life	10
	TOTAL	20

3. Weightage to Forms of Questions

S. No.	Forms of Questions	Marks
1.	Long Answer Type (LA)	8
2	Short Answer Type (SA-II)	6
3	Short Answer Type (SA-I)	4
4	Very Short Answer Type(VSA)	2
	TOTAL	20

The expected time for different types of question would be as follows:

S. No	Form of Questions	Approx. time for each Question in mins. (t)	Number of questions (n)	Approx. time for each form of Questions in mins. (n x t)
1	Long Answer Type (LA)	10	2	20
2	Short Answer Type (SA-I)	9	2	18
3	Short Answer Type (SA-II)	8	2	16
4	Very Short Answer type (VSA)	3	2	6
	Total		8	60

As the total time is calculated on the basis of the number of questions required to be answered and the length of their anticipated answers, it would, therefore, be advisable for the candidates to budget their time properly by cutting out the superfluous words and be within the expected time limits.

4. Scheme of Options

There will be no overall choice. However, there is an internal choice in 3 marks question

5. Weightage to Difficulty level of questions:

S.No	Estimated difficulty level of questions	Marks	Percentage
1.	Easy	4	20
2.	Average	12	60
3.	Difficult	4	20

A question may vary in difficulty level from individual to individual. As such, the assessment in respect of each question will be made by the paper setter on the basis of general anticipation from the group as a whole taking the examination. This provision is only to make the paper balanced in its weightage, rather than to determine the pattern of marking at any stage.

MODEL QUESTION PAPER
HISTORY

MID TERM STD. XI.

Time : 1 Hour

Marks : 20

Instructions:

1. Answer all the questions.
2. Question 1 and 2 are MCQ and is of 1 mark each.
3. Question 3 and 4 to be answered in about 20 words and is of 2 marks each.
4. Question 5 and 6 to be answered in about 50 words and is of 3 marks each.
5. Question 7 and 8 to be answered in about 80 words and is of 4 marks each.

Q.1. Evidence of the first Hominid is found around _____

(a) 36 mya (b) 24 mya (c) 5.6 mya.

Q.2. The first language developed in Ancient Mesopotamia was _____

(a) Sumerian (b) Akkadian (c) Assyrian.

Q.3. What information do we get about Primitive Ages from the Cave Paintings?

Q.4. How was trade carried out in Ancient Mesopotamia?

Q.5. How were the Hominoids different from the Hominids?

OR

How were the different forms of Shelter developed by Primitive Mans?

Q.6. How was the art of writing useful in Ancient Mesopotamia?

Q.7. Examine the differences in the Hunter Societies of the Primitive Ages and Modern Ages .

Q.8. Describe the developments in the study of Mathematics and Astronomy in Ancient Mesopotamia.

DESIGN OF THE QUESTION PAPER

Class: XI

Subject: HISTORY

FINAL EXAM

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 80

The weightage or the distribution of marks over different dimensions of the question paper shall be as follows:

1. Weightage to Learning Outcomes

S.No.	Learning Outcomes	Marks	Percentage of marks
1.	Knowledge	32	40
2.	Understanding	48	60
3.	Application		-
4.	Skill		-
	TOTAL	80	100

2. Weightage to Content / Subject Units

S.No.	Units	Marks
1.	Writing and City Life	20
2	Changing Cultural Traditions	15
3	Confrontation of Culture	10
4	Industrial Revolution	20
5	History of Goa	15
	TOTAL	80

3. Weightage to Forms of Questions

S. No.	Forms of Questions	Marks
1.	Long Answer Type (LA)	32
2	Short Answer Type (SA-II)	24
3	Short Answer Type (SA-I)	16
4	Very Short Answer Type(VSA)	8
	TOTAL	80

The expected time for different types of question would be as follows:

S. No	Form of Questions	Approx. time for each Question in mins. (t)	Number of questions (n)	Approx. time for each form of Questions in mins. (n x t)
1	Long Answer Type (LA)	6.5	8	52
2	Short Answer Type (SA-I)	6	8	48
3	Short Answer Type (SA-II)	5	8	40
4	Very Short Answer type (VSA)	2.5	8	10
	Total		32	150

As the total time is calculated on the basis of the number of questions required to be answered and the length of their anticipated answers, it would, therefore, be advisable for the candidates to budget their time properly by cutting out the superfluous words and be within the expected time limits.

4. Scheme of Options

There will be no overall choice. However, there is an internal choice in 4 marks question

5. Weightage to Difficulty level of questions:

S.No	Estimated difficulty level of questions	Marks	Percentage
1.	Easy	16	20
2.	Average	48	60
3.	Difficult	16	20

A question may vary in difficulty level from individual to individual. As such, the assessment in respect of each question will be made by the paper setter on the basis of general anticipation from the group as a whole taking the examination. This provision is only to make the paper balanced in its weightage, rather than to determine the pattern of marking at any stage.

Final Exam

Sub: History

Marks: 80

Std: XI

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Instructions:

1. Answer all the questions
2. Questions 1 to 8 are MCQ and is of 1 mark each.
3. Questions 9 to 16 to be answered in about 20 words and is of 2 marks each.
4. Questions 17 to 24 to be answered in about 50 words and is of 3 marks each.
5. Questions 25 to 32 to be answered in about 80 words and is of 4 marks each.

Q1. A technological landmark that we can say is appropriate to an urban economy was _____.

(a) seals (b) writings (c) potters wheel

Q2. The great Assyrian King who collected a library at his capital was ____.

(a) Assurbanipal (b) Enmarkar (c) Zimrilim

Q3. The German monk who made the first printing press was _____.

(a) Filippo Brunelleschi (b) Johannes Gutenberg (c) Andreas Vesalius

Q4. The Mona Lisa and the Last Supper was painted by _____.

(a) Michealangelo (b) Durer Albrecht (c) Leonardo da Vinci

Q5. The worlds largest river that flows through miles of dense forest is ____ .

(a) Nile (b) Rhine (c) Amazon

Q6. The 'Puffing Devil' was an engine devised by _____.

(a) Richard Trevithick (b) Abraham Darby (c) George Stephenson

Q7. Samuel Crompton invented a machine in 1779 called _____.

(a) Power Loom (b) Mule (c) The Blutcher

Q8. The Portuguese Conquerer who captured Goa in 1510 was _____.

(a) Francisco de Almeida (b) Alfonso de Albuquerque (c) D. Pedro de Mascarenhas

Q9. What were the two main occupations of the people of Mesopotamia?

Q10. Name the two main rivers surrounding Mesopotamia?

Q11. What did Ignatius Loyola do in his attempt to combat Protestantism in 1540?

Q12. Why was Christopher Columbus interested to go on an adventure?

Q13. What were the two main features of the cotton industry?

Q14. Why was Britain the first country to experience modern industrialisation?

Q15. What was the aim of the College of the Holy Faith set up in Goa?

Q16. Which were the Religious Orders that arrived in Goa in the 15th and the 16th centuries? (any four)

Q.17. “Writing was seen as a sign of superiority of Mesopotamian Urban Culture”. Explain.

Q.18. “In spite of natural fertility, agriculture was subject to hazards.” Explain.

Q.19. What happened when printed books became available?

Q.20. Why was Christopher Columbus inspired to go on an expedition?

Q.21. What were the problems of using charcoal in the smelting process?

Q.22. What were the effects of the Industrial Revolution on the workers, according to the survey of 1842?

Q.23. Examine Shivaji's attack on Bardez in 1667.

Q.24 How did Sambhaji attack Bardez and Salcete in 1683?

Q.25. “Although the kingdom of Mari was not militarily strong, it was exceptionally prosperous.” Explain.

OR

Explain the town planning of the city of Ur in Mesopotamia.

Q.26. How did Temple Cities develop in Ancient Mesopotamia?

Q.27. Explain Martin Luther's Protestant Reformation Movement of 1517.

Q.28. Examine the views of Cassandra Fedele and Isabella d'Este regarding Humanist Education.

Q.29. What were the economic motives of the Spanish and the Portuguese rulers to encourage maritime activities?

Q.30. Examine the effects of the Industrial Revolution with reference to:

(a) Effects of Child Labour in factories.

(b) Advantages of employing Women in factories.

OR

Examine the legal reforms in the Textile Industry passed by the British Government.

Q.31. "London had acquired a global significance during the 18th Century." Explain.

Q.32. Examine the 'Conspiracy of the Pinto's (1787) in Goa.

DESIGN OF THE QUESTION PAPER

Class: XI

Subject: HISTORY

FIRST TERMINAL EXAM

Time: 2 1/2 Hours

Max. Marks: 80

The weightage or the distribution of marks over different dimensions of the question paper shall be as follows:

1. Weightage to Learning Outcomes

S.No.	Learning Outcomes	Marks	Percentage of marks
1.	Knowledge	32	40
2.	Understanding	48	60
3.	Application		-
4.	Skill		-
	TOTAL	80	100

2. Weightage to Content / Subject Units

S.No.	Units	Marks
1.	From the Beginning of Time	10
2	Writing and City Life	10
3	An Empire Across the Three Continents	20
4	Central Islamic Land	10
5	Nomadic Empire	10
6	The Three Orders	20
	TOTAL	80

3. Weightage to Forms of Questions

S. No.	Forms of Questions	Marks
1.	Long Answer Type (LA)	32
2	Short Answer Type (SA-II)	24
3	Short Answer Type (SA-I)	16
4	Very Short Answer Type(VSA)	8
	TOTAL	80

The expected time for different types of question would be as follows:

S. No	Form of Questions	Approx. time for each Question in mins. (t)	Number of questions (n)	Approx. time for each form of Questions in mins. (n x t)
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2	Short Answer Type (SA-I)	6	8	48
3	Short Answer Type (SA-II)	5	8	40
4	Very Short Answer type (VSA)	2.5	8	10
	Total		32	150

As the total time is calculated on the basis of the number of questions required to be answered and the length of their anticipated answers, it would, therefore, be advisable for the candidates to budget their time properly by cutting out the superfluous words and be within the expected time limits.

4. Scheme of Options

There will be no overall choice. However, there is an internal choice in 3 marks question

5. Weightage to Difficulty level of questions:

S.No	Estimated difficulty level of questions	Marks	Percentage
1.	Easy	16	20
2.	Average	48	60
3.	Difficult	16	20

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First Terminal Exam

Sub: History

Marks: 80

Std: XI

Time: 21/2 Hours

Instructions:

1. Answer all the questions
2. Questions 1 to 8 are MCQ and is of 1 mark each.
3. Questions 9 to 16 to be answered in about 20 words and is of 2 marks each.
4. Questions 17 to 24 to be answered in about 50 words and is of 3 marks each.
5. Questions 25 to 32 to be answered in about 80 words and is of 4 marks each.

Q. 1. Around 36mya a category of mammals emerged in Asia and Africa called_____. (1)

- (a) Primates (b) Homo (c) Australopithecus

Q.2. Textual sources written on a year-by-year basis were called _____. (1)

- (a) annals (b) chronicles (c) manuscripts

Q.3. Christianity was made the official religion of the Roman Empire by _____. (1)

- (a) Emperor Augustus (b) Emperor Tiberius (c) Emperor Constantine

Q.4. The Qurayshi tribe lived in _____. (1)

- (a) Medina (b) Mecca (c) Baghdad

Q. 5. The Mesopotamians wrote on tablets of _____. (1)

- (a) bronze (b) copper (c) clay

Q. 6. A compilation of the customary traditions of the Mongol tribes was _____. (1)

- (a) noyan (b) yasa (c) yam

Q. 7. The Franks gave their name 'France' to the province of _____. (1)

- (a) Burgundy (b) Gaul (c) Normandy

Q. 8. Royal absolutism has been called a modified form of _____. (1)

- Q. 9. How was the punch-blade – technique useful to the primitive man? (2)
- Q. 10. What is the major difference between the Roman Empire and the Iranian Empire? (2)
- Q.11. Why was the 'Late Roman' aristocracy less powerful than the middle class? (2)
- Q.12. Why did Mecca emerge as an important city? (2)
- Q. 13. What were the problems faced by the Mesopotamians in the field of agriculture? (2)
- Q.14. Write a short note on the career of Genghis Khan. (2)
- Q. 15. How did the knights help in the administration of feudal society? (2)
- Q.16. How were the peasants different from the serfs? (2)
- Q.17. How was the Replacement Theory different from the Regional Continuity Model (3)
- Q.18. Explain the reasons which led to the third century crisis? (3)
- Q.19. How did the Romans manage their labour force? (3)

OR

Why is it said that the position of women in the Roman Society was better than in the other societies?

- Q.20. Why could the Arabs monopolise the Maritime trade between China, India and Europe during the Medieval Period? (3)
- Q.21. How did the development of writing take place in Mesopotamia? (3)

OR

What were the problems faced by the Mesopotamians in the field of agriculture?

- Q.22. Explain the military reforms of Genghis Khan. (3)

OR

Explain the social conditions of the Mongols.

- Q.23. Explain the impact of development in agricultural technology in England. (3)
- Q.24. Write a short note on the clergy in the feudal society. (3)
- Q. 25. Describe the different forms of shelters used by the primitive man. (4)
- Q.26. Explain the striking features of the Roman economy. (4)
- Q.27. Explain the following institutions of the Roman Imperial Rule:
(a) Senate (b) Army (4)

Q.28. Explain the measures taken by Prophet Muhammad to ensure the survival of his community. (4)

Q.29. Explain the nature of family in Mesopotamia. (4)

Q.30. Explain the social background of the Mongols. (4)

Q. 31. What were the duties of free peasants in Europe? (4)

Q.32. Explain the factors responsible for the decline of feudalism in Europe. (4)