

# BUSINESS STUDIES STANDARD XI

## FINAL EXAMINATION

(MODEL QUESTION PAPER)

### INSTRUCTIONS:-

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Number each question and sub-question clearly.
- 3) Answer each question on a fresh page.
- 4) There is no overall choice. However, internal choice has been provided in Question no. 3D, 6C, and 7C.
- 5) Figures to the right indicate marks allotted to each question.
- 6) 'A' part of each question is very short type, 'B' part of every question should be answered in about 30 words, 'C' part of every question should be answered in about 60 words, 'D' part of every question should be answered in about 100 words
- 7) Word limit is not applicable to questions involving explaining a process, diagram, chart and distinction.

- Q1. (A) Select and write the most appropriate alternative from those given below:  
Banker's Cheque is also known as:- (1)  
(a) Bank draft (b) Pay order (c) Demand draft (d) Pay-in-slip
- (B) Explain the following services provided by the Bank:- (2)  
(I) Overdrafts (II) Cash credits
- (C) Explain the following types of Bank accounts:- (3)  
(a) Savings account (b) Fixed Deposit account (c) Recurring account
- (D) What is e-Banking? Explain any three points with respect to benefits to Customers (4)

- Q2. (A) Select and write the most appropriate alternative from those given below:  
DTH services are provided by: - (1)  
(I) Transport companies (II) Banks  
(III) Cellular Companies (IV) Insurance Companies.
- (B) State any four Health Insurance coverages. (2)
- (C) Indian Postal department is no more related to only sending letters through post. In view of the above statement, highlight any three allied facilities provided by the post office. (3)

- (D) Name the principle of insurance for each of the following statements and explain it. (4)
- (I) The insured is expected to disclose all the important facts related to property insured.
  - (II) Insurer is liable to take over the salvaged property, after payment of claim in full.
  - (III) To claim for insurance the insured must take reasonable steps to reduce the loss.
  - (IV) Insured is entitled to recover the actual monetary loss suffered.

- Q.3.(A) Select and write the most appropriate alternative from those given below: (1)
- Equity shareholders are called \_\_\_\_\_
- (a) Owners of the company
  - (b) Partners of the company
  - (c) Executives of the company
  - (d) Guardians of the company
- (B) 'It is better for a company to use their own funds because it costs them nothing'. Do you agree? Explain (any two points) (2)
- (C) Reshma received Rupees One Lakh from her parents. She has three options to invest it, namely a) Equity shares b) Preference shares c) Public deposit. Kindly advise her where and why to invest wisely keeping in mind the risk and returns. (3)
- (D) What are Debentures? Why are Debentures preferred over Shares? (any 3 points) (4)

**OR**

- (D) What are Inter Corporate Deposits? Explain the three types of Inter Corporate Deposits. (4)

- Q.4. (A) MSMED Act 2006 categorises the size of the business on the basis of:-
- (a) Investments in plant and machinery
  - (b) Volume of output
  - (c) Capital invested
  - (d) Number of employees. (1)
- (B) Why is Equity Share Capital called as Risk Capital? Give any two reasons. (2)
- (C) Commercial Banks play a very important role in extending loans to business enterprises .Explain. (3)
- D) How do small scale industries contribute to the socio-economic development of India? Give any four points. (4)

- Q.5. (A) Select and write the most appropriate alternative from those given below: 'Performance and credit rating' scheme is implemented by:- (1)
- (A) National Small Industries Corporation
  - (b) National Banks for Agriculture and Rural Development
  - (c) District Industries centers
  - (d) Small Industries Development Organization.

- (B) With the help of an example explain Internal Trade. (2)
- (C) Explain the significance of the following agencies pertaining to the Small Scale Industries: - (i) NSIC (ii) DIC (3)
- (D) Explain any four incentives provided by the Government for the Industries in the backward and the hilly areas. (4)

- Q.6.(A) Select and write the most appropriate alternative from those given below: (1)
- ATM stands for:- (1)
- (a) Any Time Money (b) Automated Time Money (c) Automated Teller Machine
  - (d) All Time Machine.
- (B) What is Chamber of Commerce and Industry? State any two basic functions of Chamber of Commerce. (2)
- (C) Explain the following terms of Trade:- (3)
- (I) C.O.D (ii) F.O.B (iii) C.I.F

**OR**

- (C) Explain the following Documents used in Internal Trade:- (3)
- (I) Invoice (II) Debit Note (III) Credit Note
- (D) A manufacturer can do without Wholesalers but just cannot survive without Retailers. Do you agree? Give any four reasons to support your answer. (4)

- Q.7.(A) Select and write the most appropriate alternative from those given below: (1)
- Which is distinct advantage of Multiple Chain Store? (1)
- (a) Central location (b) No bad debts
  - (c) Limited selection of goods (d) Benefits of being large-scale
- (B) What is International Trade? (2)
- (C) 'Departmental Stores is a welcome change in big cities but an unwanted guest in small towns'. Give any three reasons as to why small towns do not prefer shopping from departmental stores. (3)

**OR**

- (C) 'Vending Machine has a promising future in retail and banking services. Give any three reasons to support your answer. (3)
- (D) 'Mail Order Business Houses do not have a promising future', in this regard highlight any four drawbacks of Mail order Business (4)

- Q.8.(A) Select and write the most appropriate alternative from those given below: (1)
- This is a document which allows an enterprise to start exporting (1)
- (a) Shipping Bill (b) Bill of entry (c) Certificate of origin (d) Mate's receipts
- (B) Explain the following documents used in imports transactions:- (2)
- (i) Letter of credit (ii) Bill of lading
- (C) Explain any three problems of International Trade (3)
- (D) What is W.T.O? Explain any three functions of W.T.O (4)